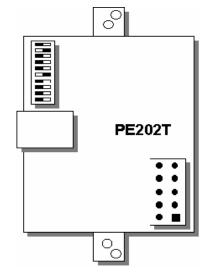
PE202T-N

Pony Express Modem Module

TABLE of CONTENTS

1.	STANDARDS	Page PE-2
2.	PRODUCT OVERVIEW	Page PE-3
3.	GENERAL PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS	Page PE-4
4.	MODEM SPECIFICATIONS	Page PE-5
5.	ANALOG LINE SPECIFICATIONS	Page PE-7
5.	ANALOG MICROWAVE SPECIFICATIONS	Page PE-8
7.	CONNECTOR PIN-OUTS	Page PE-10
3.	DIP SWITCH FUNCTIONS	Page PE-11
9.	MODEM CONFIGURATION	. Page PE-13
10.	OUTLINE DRAWING	. Page PE-14
11.	DIAGNOSTICS	Page PE-15







1. STANDARDS

Meets FCC Rules Part J, Subpart 15, Class A for radiated emissions.



2. PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The PE202T Modem Module is an industrial grade Bell 202T modem for connection to unconditioned and conditioned, voice grade, type 3002 two or four-wire leased lines and metallic conductors (eg; pilot wires). It is powered from 5.5 to 9VDC unregulated or +5VDC regulated, is surge protected on the analog and digital connections, and will operate in temperatures from -40 to +85 deg C.

The PE202T module is supplied to OEMs for integration into relays, controllers, RTUs, etc. The data interface can be either RS232 or TTL.

The PE202T is also at the heart of all Telenetics Bell 202T end-user products such as the MIU202T standalone modem and the *Myriad* MDR/PE202T rack mount modem bank.



3. GENERAL PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Dimensions: See Section 10

Voltage Supply, Data Interface & Current Requirements:

Model No.	Voltage	Data	Current
		Interface	
PE202T-N0	+5.5 to 9VDC	RS232	47 mA
PE202T-N1	+5.5 to 9VDC	TTL	28 mA
PE202T-N2	+5VDC ± 5%	RS232	47 mA
PE202T-N4	+5VDC ± 5%	TTL	28 mA

Surge Protection: Analog Line: 3.75kVAC

Digital Line: $ESD \pm 10kV$

Operating Temperature: -40 to +85 deg C

Operating Humidity: 0 to 90% (non-condensing.)

Storage Temperature: -55 to 100 deg C



4. MODEM SPECIFICATIONS

Modulation:Bell202TModulation Type:FSK

Synch/Async: Asynchronous Only

Data Rate: 0 – 1200bps

Transmit Frequency: Mark: 1200Hz

Space: 2200Hz

Error Correction: None **Data Compression:** None

Data Modulation Connectivity: Using 16ms Polling Test

99.999% or better at -37dBm 99.5% or better at -40dBm 95% or better at -43dBm

Serial Formats and Flow Control:

Asynchronous and RTS/CTS flow control

Analog Interface

Tx Output Level: -0 dBm or -10 dBm *
Rx Sensitivity: -43dBm or -33dBm *

-43dBm for constant carrier -40dBm for polling carrier

Line Termination: Dip Switch Selectable *
Line Impedance: 600 ohms balanced
2 or 4 Wire Configuration: Dip Switch Selectable *

Telenetics

Other Features

Receiver Equalization: Compromise Equalization

Self Test Diagnostics: None

Local Analog Loopback: See Section 13
Local Digital Loopback: See Section 13
Remote Analog Loopback See Section 13
Remote Digital Loopback See Section 13

Anti-Streaming: OFF or 45 Seconds (\pm 5 sec) *

RTS/CTS delay: 1ms, 12ms, 35ms or 50ms (\pm 5%) *

Note: Soft Carrier will affect RTS/CTS delay time (see Dip Switch Settings ~ Section 9)

Constant Carrier Switch Selectable ON or OFF *

Soft Carrier Turn Off 20ms of 900Hz after RTS is turned

Off

Carrier Turn ON/OFF $8ms \pm 0.5ms$

* Dip Switch Selectable ~ See Section 9



5. ANALOG LINE SPECIFICATIONS

The PE202T contains analog circuitry for connection to the public conditioned or unconditioned, Bell type 3002, 2 or 4-wire, full duplex voice grade or metallic lines (eg; pilot wires). The PE202T will also interface to Power Line Carrier or Microwave radio voice channel networks.

The PE202T has an RJ-11 terminated connector. The following lists the PE202T analog interfaces

Analog Line Type:

Conditioned or unconditioned, Bell type 3002, 2 or 4-wire, full duplex voice grade or metallic lines or better.

Analog Line Specifications:

 $\begin{array}{lll} Bandwidth & 300~Hz~to~3400~Hz~(\pm 3dB) \\ Impedance & 600~/~900~ohms~,~balanced \\ Frequency~Response & 400~to~3000Hz~(\pm 2dB) \end{array}$

Receiver Input Level -16dBm max.
Output Level +7 dBm
Noise Signal Level -48 dBmO

Edition: April 7, 1998



6. ANALOG MICROWAVE INTERFACE

The PE202Tis designed to interface to a Microwave radio voice channel network with the following specifications:

Phase Jitter (10 to 300Hz)1 degree peak-to-peak, max.

Frequency Response: 300 - 3400Hz -3, +0.7 dB

400 - 3000Hz -1, +0.7 dB 600 - 2400Hz <u>+</u> 0.7 dB

Frequency Stability: With Synchronization 0.1Hz

Without Synchronization 0.5 Hz / month

Level Stability (w/o regulation): ± 0.5 dB (6 months)

Harmonic Distortion: 1% max, 0.3 % typical

(1Khz, 0 dBmO test tone)

Absolute Delay: Option – 001: 1500 µsec, maximum

Option – 002: 1900 μsec, maximum

Group Delay (option - 001): 600 - 3200 Hz 1200 µsec, maximum

800 - 2800 Hz 550 μsec, maximum 1000-2600 Hz 350 μsec, maximum

Group Delay (option - 002): 600 - 3200 Hz with 1000 µsec, maximum

800 - 2800 Hz with $400~\mu sec,$ maximum 1000-2600 Hz with $180~\mu sec,$ maximum

Linearity: 0.3 dB +3.5 dBmO

Limiting: +7.5dBmO, max (+6.5 dBmO typical)

for +20dBmO input

Crosstalk (intelligible)(1KhZ test tone at 0 dBmO):

Inter-channel 65 dBmO maximum, 80 dBmO typical

Intra-channel 70 dBmO maximum

Telenetics

Crosstalk (unintelligible):

Adjacent channel 28dBrnc0 maximum (24 455B weighted

noise at 0 dBmO dBrnc0 typical).

Intra-channel 28 dBrnc0, maximum (18 dBrnc0, typical)

(1KHz test tone at 0 dBmO)

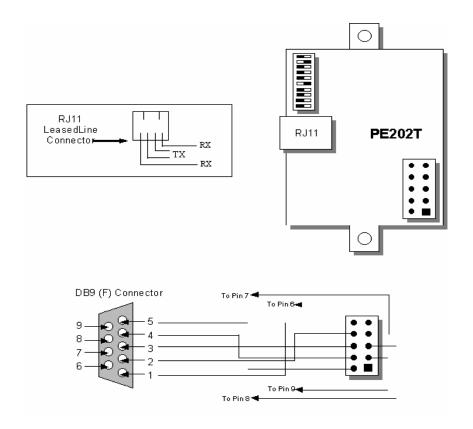
Out of Band Signalling: Frequency 3825 Hz

Level -20 dBmO

Edition: April 7, 1998

Pulse speed (30 to 80% break) 8 to 14 pps Pulse distortion ±3 dB, level var. 3% max. Signaling leak -60 dBmO, maximum

7. CONNECTOR PIN-OUTS



Connecting Power to your PE202T

The DC supply voltage is connected to Pins 1 & 6 of the 10-pin header. With your PE evaluation unit you have a ribbon cable to connect the header to a DB9 connector. The two flying leads are connected to header Pins 1 & 6 for power connection

Pin 10	Pin 5
CD	DSR
Pin 9	Pin 4
RxD	RTS
Pin 8	Pin 3
RxD	CTS
Pin 7	Pin 2
DTR	RI
Pin 6	Pin 1
Ground	+ Power



8. DIP SWITCH FUNCTIONS

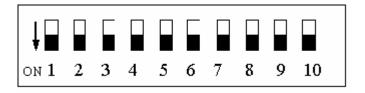
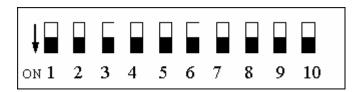


Table 1

Switch	Function	ON	OFF		
Switch 1	Transmit Analog (TxA) Signal Level	0 dBm	-10 dBm		
Switch 2	Anti-Streaming	45 secs	OFF		
Switch 3	Received Analog (RxA) Signal Level	-33 dBm	-43 dBm		
Switch 4	RTS/CTS Delay	See T	See Table 2		
Switch 5	RTS/CTS Delay	See Table 2			
Switch 6	Switched/Constant Carrier	Constant Carrier	Switched Carrier (Follows RTS State)		
Switch 7	2 or 4- Wire Selection	2-Wire	4-Wire		
Switch 8	Line Termination	600 ohms	None		
Switch 9	Soft Carrier (900Hz) Turn Off	ON	OFF		
Switch 10	Spare				

Table 2: RTS/CTS Delay Time

2	4	Switched	Constant	Switch	Switch	Switch 9	RTS/CTS
Wire	Wire	Carrier	Carrier	4	5	Soft Carrier	Delay Time
NO	YES	YES	YES	ON	ON	OFF	50 ms
YES	NO	YES	NO	ON	ON	ON	50 ms
NO	YES	YES	NO	ON	ON	ON	50 ms
YES	NO	YES	NO	ON	ON	OFF	50 ms
NO	YES	YES	YES	OFF	ON	OFF	35 ms
NO	YES	YES	NO	OFF	ON	ON	55 ms
YES	NO	YES	NO	OFF	ON	ON	35 ms
YES	NO	YES	NO	OFF	ON	OFF	35 ms
NO	YES	YES	YES	ON	OFF	OFF	12 ms
NO	YES	YES	NO	ON	OFF	ON	35 ms
YES	NO	YES	NO	ON	OFF	ON	12 ms
YES	NO	YES	NO	ON	OFF	OFF	12 ms
NO	YES	NO	YES	OFF	OFF	OFF	1 ms
NO	YES	YES	NO	OFF	OFF	OFF	12 ms
NO	YES	YES	NO	OFF	OFF	ON	32 ms
YES	NO	YES	NO	OFF	OFF	OFF	1 ms
YES	NO	YES	NO	OFF	OFF	ON	1 ms

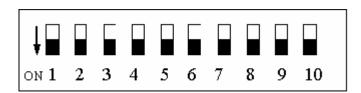


9. MODEM CONFIGURATION

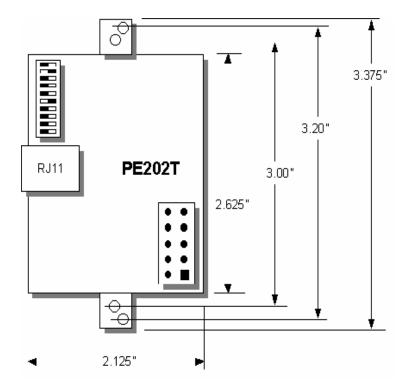
The following table provides the Dip Switch settings required for most modem application configurations:

	Dip Switch Setting								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
4-Wire	ON		ON			ON		ON	
Point-to-Point	011		011			011		011	
4-Wire									
Multi-Point	ON		ON			ON		ON	
Master									
4-Wire									
Multi-Point	ON	ON	ON	ON					ON
Slave									
Rx Term. OFF									
4-Wire									
Multi-Point	ON	ON	ON	ON				ON	ON
Slave Rx Term. ON									
2-Wire Point-to-Point	ON	ON	ON	ON			ON	ON	ON
2-Wire									
Multi-Point									
Master	ON	ON	ON		ON		ON	ON	ON
Line Term. ON									
2-Wire									
Multi-Point									
Slave	ON	ON	ON		ON		ON	ON	ON
Line Term. ON									
2-Wire									
Multi-Point	ON	ON	ON		ON		ON		ON
Slave	ON	UN	ON		ON		ON		ON
Line Term. OFF									

For clarity, a blank space = OFF



10. OUTLINE DRAWING



11. DIAGNOSTICS

The following pages provide hardware techniques for diagnosing communication problems and thereby isolating the problem at the local modem, the remote modem or the interconnecting line.

(a) LOCAL ANALOG LOOPBACK (Figure 2)

Requires a loop back cable with a built-in circuit for line loss to simulate a typical leased line condition (See Figure 3).

Connect the loop back cable to the RJ11 connector on the modem under test.

Set Dip Switches as follows...

Switch $7 = OFF$	4-Wire
Switch $9 = ON$	Soft Carrier Turn Off Enabled
Switch $1 = ON$	Transmit (TxA) Signal Level = $0dBm$
Switch $3 = ON$	Receive (RxA) Signal Level = -33 dBm
Switch $6 = OFF$	Switched Carrier
Switch $4\&5 = ON$	RTS/CTS Delay = $50ms$

Test 1: RTS/CTS Analog Control

Set RTS "ON" and check that CD (Carrier Detect) turns "ON".

Turn RTS "OFF" and ensure that CD turns "OFF"

With RTS "ON", run a test message at TxD and verify that the same message is received at RxD with no data errors.

Test 2: Transmit Signal Power & Receive Levels

```
Set Dip Switch 1 OFF (TxA = -10dBm)
```

CD will be OFF.

Change Dip Switch 1 to ON (TxA = 0dBm)

CD should now be ON.

Test 3: Received Signal Level

Set Dip Switch 1 OFF (TxA = -10dBm) and Dip Switch 3 OFF (RxA = -43dBm).

CD will be ON.

Run a test message at TxD and verify that the same message is received at RxD with no data errors.

Test 4: Repeat Test 3 for various RTS/CTS delay times and with soft carrier ON and OFF.

(b) LOCAL DIGITAL LOOPBACK – 4/Wire Network (Figure 4)

On the modem under test, connect TxD to RxD

```
Switch 1 = ON (TxA = 0dBm)
```

Switch 3 = ON (RxA = -33dBm)

Switch 4 = OFF (RTS/CTS = 35ms)

Switch 5 = ON (RTS/CTS = 35ms)

Switch 6 = ON (Constant Carrier mode).

Switch 7 = OFF (4-Wire)

Switch 8 = ON (Line Termination = 600 ohms)

Switch 9 = ON (Soft Carrier = ON)

Transmit a test message from a remote modem and confirm that the same message is received back at RxD on the remote modem with no data errors.



(c) REMOTE DIGITAL LOOPBACK – 4/Wire Network (Figure 5)

Configure both the local and remote modems as follows:

Switch 1 = ON (TxA = 0dBm)

Switch 3 = ON (RxA = -33dBm)

Switch 4 = OFF (RTS/CTS = 35ms)

Switch 5 = ON (RTS/CTS = 35ms)

Switch 6 = ON (Constant Carrier mode).

Switch 7 = OFF (4-Wire)

Switch 8 = ON (Line Termination = 600 ohms)

Switch 9 = ON (Soft Carrier Turn Off = ON)

Connect TxD to RxD at the remote modem.

Transmit a test message from the local modem and confirm that the same message is received back at RxD on the local modem with no data errors.

(d) LINE DIAGNOSTICS

(i) Typical modem configuration for **4-wire Point-to-Point** system...

```
Switch 1 = ON (TxA = 0dBm)

Switch 3 = ON (RxA = -33dBm)

Switch 4 = OFF (RTS/CTS = 1ms)

Switch 5 = OFF (RTS/CTS = 1ms)

Switch 6 = ON (Constant Carrier mode).

Switch 7 = OFF (4-Wire)

Switch 8 = ON (Line Termination = 600 ohms)

Switch 9 = OFF (Soft Carrier = OFF)
```

(ii) Typical modem configuration for **4-wire Multi-Point** system...

```
Switch 1 = ON (TxA = 0dBm)
Switch 3 = ON (RxA = -33dBm)
Switch 4 = OFF (RTS/CTS = 1ms)
Switch 5 = OFF (RTS/CTS = 1ms)
Switch 6 = ON (Constant Carrier mode).
Switch 7 = OFF (4-Wire)
Switch 8 = ON (Line Termination = 600 ohms)
Switch 9 = OFF (Soft Carrier = OFF)
```

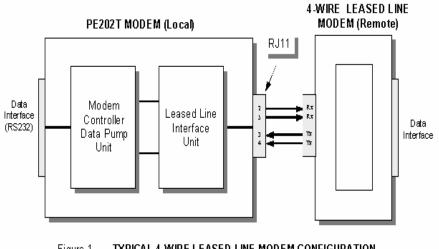
Adjustments...

In a network with high line loss (greater than 16dB) change Switch 3 (RxA) to OFF (-43dBm).

If there are conditions that can cause cross-talk (TxA leaking into RxA path) set Switch 1 (TxA) to OFF (-10dBm).

Note that noise level should be -50dBm or lower for most FSK operation (signal-to-noise ratio of 15dB or higher)





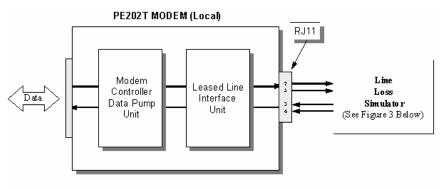


Figure 2 LOCAL ANALOG LOOPBACK

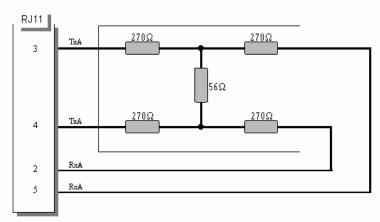
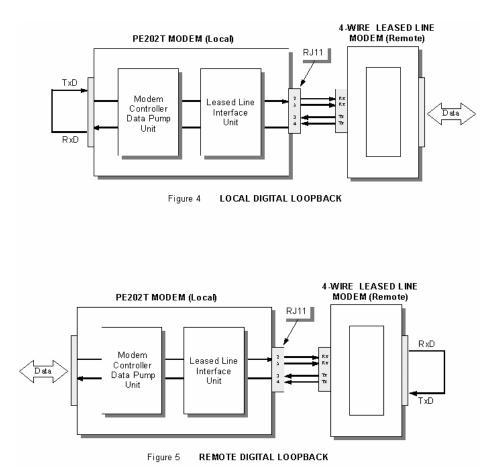


Figure 3 LINE LOSS SIMULATOR (Approx. -26dB)







NIOT	TEC.
INU	LES.